

BE-15 Identification Number

*Do not enter Social Security Number as Identification Number

2021 ANNUAL SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES **MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL** FORM BE-15B

Due date:	May 31, 2022	Name and address	of U.S. business enterprise	1150
Electronic filing:	www.bea.gov/efile	Name of U.S. affiliate		Den.
Mail reports to:	U.S. Department of Commerce	O		-21-1
	4600 Silver Hill Rd	c/o (care of) 0	JES2	cord.
		Street or P.O. Box	" IND	460
Deliver reports to:	U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis	0	idu Mirical	
	4600 Silver Hill Rd	City	(e19) (stor) (998	State
Fax reports to:	Suitland, MD 20746 (301) 278–9500	ZIP Code	OR Foreign Postal Code	
Assistance:	E-mail: be12/15@bea.gov	5 .61	1/701	
	Telephone: (301) 278-9247	, he	404	
	Copies of blank forms: www.bea.gov/fdi	d" -2	.9	
Include your BE-1	5 Identification Number with all requests.	he he		

Have you been notified that you must file a BE-15 Survey?

If so, you must file a BE-15A, BE-15B, BE-15C, or BE-15 Claim for Exemption by the due date.

Who must file BE-15B:

Those majority-owned U.S. affiliates with any of the following items exceeding \$120 million, but with all items not exceeding \$300 million (positive or negative):

- Total assets
- Sales or gross operating revenues
- Net income

AND

Those minority-owned U.S. affiliates with any of the following items exceeding **\$120 million** (positive or negative):

- Total assets
- Sales or gross operating revenues

• Net income

If you do not meet the filing criteria above, another BE-15 survey may be applicable. See instruction I.A.1 on page 15 to determine which form to file. For more information on filing requirements, see instruction I.2 on page 16.

Certain private funds may be exempt from filing. See item 2(d) of the BE-15 Claim for Exemption for more information.

Mandatory and Confidential

CONTACT INFORMATION

This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory, and the Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be subject to penalties. See page 14 for more details.

CERTIFICATION

Prov	vide information of person to con	sult about this re	eport:		The undersigned official certifies that this report has lin accordance with the applicable instructions, is com	
1000	Name 0				substantially accurate including estimates that may hi	
1029	Street 1				Signature of Authorized Official	Date 0
1030	Street 2 0			0990	Name 0	
1031	City 0	State	Zip	0991	Title 0	
1001	Telephone Number 0		Extension	0992	Telephone Number 0	Extension
0999	Fax Number 0			0993	Fax Number 0	
1028	E-mail Address					

NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information.

Part I – Identification of U.S. Affiliate

IMPORTANT

Review the instructions starting on page 14 before completing this form. Insurance and real estate companies — see special instructions starting on page 22.

- Accounting principles If feasible, use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) to complete Form BE-15 unless you are requested to do otherwise by a specific instruction. References in the instructions to Financial Accounting Revised Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topics are referred to as "FASB ASC."
- U.S. affiliate's 2021 fiscal year The affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2021.
- Consolidated reporting A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the consolidation ALL U.S. business enterprises proceeding down each ownership chain whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above. Consolidation rules are found in instruction IV.2 starting on page 17
- Rounding Report currency amounts in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000) Dols. Do not enter amounts in the shaded portions of each item. Example — If amount is \$1,334,891.00 report as:..... 335 000
- Which financial reporting standards will you use to complete this BE-15 report?

NOTE — The BE-15 report should be completed using U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. If using U.S. GAAP to complete this report is highly burdensome, or otherwise not feasible, you may use other financial reporting standards, preferably with adjustments to correct for any material differences between U.S. GAAP and the reporting standards used.

1399 1 1 U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

- International Financial Reporting Standards (as promulgated by, or adapted from, the International Accounting Standards Board) NOTE — Do not prepare your BE-15 report using the proportionate consolidation method.
- 3 Other reporting standards Specify the reporting standards used

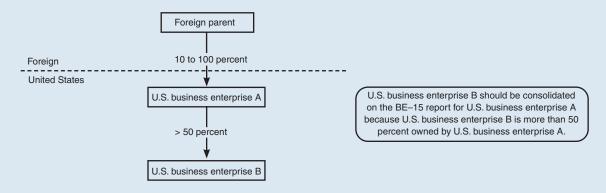
Is more than 50 percent of the voting interest in this U.S. business enterprise owned by another U.S. affiliate of the foreign parent (see the diagram below)?

Yes If Yes" — Do not complete this report unless exception 2.c. described in the consolidation rules applies. This exception states that a U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by different foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own Form BE-15 report. See diagram on page 18 for an illustration of this exception.

If this exception does not apply, forward the BE-15 notification to file to the U.S. business enterprise owning your company more than 50 percent, and notify BEA of the action taken by filing BE-15 Claim for Exemption with item 2(c) completed on page 3 of that form. The BE-15 Claim for Exemption can be accessed through eFile or downloaded from BEA's Web site at: www.bea.gov/fdi

¹2 No If "No" — Complete this report in accordance with the consolidation rules starting on page 17.

CONSOLIDATION OF U.S. AFFILIATES



Part I – Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

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Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

OWNERSHIP — Enter percent of ownership in this U.S. affiliate, to a tenth of one percent, based on voting interest (or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated affiliate). "Voting interest" is defined in instructions for items 9–13 starting on page 19.

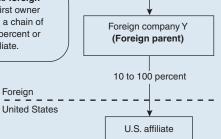
Foreign parent — A foreign parent is the FIRST person or entity outside the U.S. in a chain of ownership that has a 10 percent or more **voting** interest (direct or indirect) in this U.S. affiliate. Country of incorporation or organization (if a business enterprise) or residence (if an individual) — For individuals, see instruction V.G. on page 24.

		Voting	interest BEA
Name of each direct owner	Country of foreign parent	Close FY 2021 (1)	Close FY 2020 USE (2) ONLY
Ownership held directly by foreign parent(s) of this affiliate — see example 1 below. Enter name of each foreign parent with direct ownership and the country of the foreign parent.	rent — if more than 2	?, continue on ne	xt page.
9	Select Cour 1017	1 _ %	2 % 3
10	Select Cour 1018	1 1 6	2 3 .%
Ownership held directly by all U.S. affiliates of the foreign parent(s) — see example 2 and the country of the foreign parent — if more than 2, continue on next page.	2 below. Enter name	of each U.S. affil	iate that owns this affiliate
III (FOIL)	Select Cour 1063	1 %	2 3 %
12 0 ⁷ 40	Select Cour 1064	1%	2 3
13 Direct ownership held by all other persons (do not list names)	1061	1 %	2 %
TOTAL — Sum of items 9 through 13	3	100%	100%
S. anti-			

EXAMPLES OF DIRECT AND INDIRECT FOREIGN OWNERSHIP

Example 1 - Ownership held directly by a foreign parent

Foreign company Y is the foreign parent because it is the first owner located outside the U.S. in a chain of ownership that owns 10 percent or more of the U.S. affiliate.



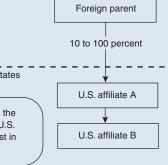
Foreign company X

Example 2 – Ownership held directly by all U.S. affiliates of the foreign parent(s)

Foreign

U.S. affiliate B is indirectly owned by the foreign parent through U.S. affiliate A. U.S. affiliate A has a direct ownership interest in

U.S. affiliate B.



BEA USE ONLY

1200	1	2	3	4	5
1201	1	2	3	4	5
1202	1	2	3	4	5
1203	1	2	3	4	5

DIRECT OWNERSHIP-continued

Use only if you need to enter more owners after item 10 on the previous page.

Ownership held directly by foreign parent(s)	Country of incorporation or organization (if a business enterprise) or residence	Voting in	BEA 🗘					
of this U.S. affiliate — Give name of each foreign parent with direct ownership.	(if an individual) — For individuals, see instruction V.G. on page 24.	Close FY 2021 (2)	Close FY 2020	USE				
1019	Select Country	1 (=)	%	3				
1020	Select Country	15 %	coro,	3				
1021	Select Country	1 %	%	3				
1022	Select Country-	1 C 2 %	%	3				
1023	Select Country	%	%	3				
1024	Select Country]1 % 11	%	3				
1025	Select Country		%	3				
FFI 1028	-Select Country-	<u> </u>	%	3				
INDIRECT FOREIGN PARENT OWNERSHIP—continued Use only if you need to enter more owners after item 12 on the previous page. Country of incorporation or organization (if a business enterprise) or residence Ownership held indirectly by foreign parent(s) of this Elect Country— W 2								
Use only if you need to enter more of	RENT OWNERSHIP-continuous after item 12 on the previous states after item 12 on the 1							
Ownership held indirectly by foreign parent(s) of this	Country of incorporation or organization (if a business enterprise) or residence	Voting ir	nterest	BEA				

of the college of the control of the college of the	Country of incorporation or organization (if a business	Voting i	DEA	
Ownership held indirectly by foreign parent(s) of this U.S. affiliate through another U.S. affiliate — Give name of each higher tier U.S. affiliate with direct ownership in this U.S. affiliate.	enterprise) or residence (if an individual) — For individuals, see instruction V.G. on page 24. (1)	Close FY 2021 (2)	Close FY 2020 (3)	BEA USE ONLY
1065	Select Country	¹ %	² %	3
1066	Select Country	1 %	² %	3
1067	Select Country	1 %	² %	3
1068	Select Country	1%	%	3
1069	Select Country	1%	2 %	3

Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

14	Enter the name, industry code and city of the foreign parent. If there is more than one foreign parent, list each and its industry code on a separate sheet.
14a	Enter name of foreign parent. If the foreign parent is an individual, enter "individual."
	3011 0
14b	Enter the foreign parent industry code from the list of codes on page 6 that best describes the PRIMARY activity of the SINGLE entity named as the foreign parent. DO NOT base the code on the worldwide sales of all consolidated subsidiaries of the foreign parent. If the foreign parent is an individual, enter code "05." Ownership Type: Direct Indirect
14c	What is the city of incorporation of the foreign parent named in 14a ? DO NOT report the city of residence if the foreign parent is an individual or government entity (enter N/A). 3024 0
15	For each foreign parent, furnish the name, country, industry code and city of the ultimate beneficial owner (UBO) – see UBO examples on page 6. If there is more than one foreign parent, list each on a separate sheet and give the name of its UBO, and the UBO's country and industry codes. The UBO is the person or entity, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, in which no other entity has more than 50 percent direct voting interest.
15a	Is the foreign parent also the UBO? If the foreign parent is owned or controlled MORE THAN 50 percent by another person or entity, then the foreign parent is NOT the UBO. 3019 1 1 Yes = (example 1 on page 6) - Skip to 15e 12 No - (examples 2A and 2B on page 6) - Continue with 15b Enter the name of the UBO of the foreign parent. If the UBO is an individual, or an associated group of individuals, enter "individual." See instruction II.D. on page 16 for the definition of associated group. Identifying the UBO as "bearer shares" is not an acceptable response.
F	3021 0
15c	Enter country in which the UBO is incorporated or organized, if a business enterprise, or is resident, if an individual or government. For individuals, see instruction V.G. on page 24. BEA USE ONLY
	Select Country
15d	What is the city of incorporation of the UBO named in 15b? DO NOT report the city of residence if the UBO is an individual or government entity (enter N/A). 3025 0
15e	sales of the UBO, including all of its majority-owned subsidiaries.
	3023 1Select Industry

Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

FOREIGN PARENT AND UBO INDUSTRY CODES

Note: "ISI codes" are International Surveys Industry codes, as given in the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017. See the Summary of Industry Classifications on page 13.

- 01 Government and government-owned or -sponsored enterprise, or quasi-government organization or agency
- 02 Pension fund Government run
- 03 Pension fund Privately run
- 04 Estate, trust, or nonprofit organization
- 05 Individual

Private business enterprise, investment organization, or group engaged in:

- 06 Insurance (ISI codes 5242, 5243, 5249)
- 07 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (ISI codes 1110-1140)
- 08 Mining (ISI codes 2111-2127)
- Utilities (ISI codes 2211–2213)

 12 Wholesale and retail trade (ISI codes 4231–4540)

 13 Banking, including bank holding companies (ISI codes 5221 and 5229)

 14 Holding companies, excluding bank holding companies (ISI codes 5512 and 525)

 5 Other finance (ISI codes 5512 and 525)

- that part of ISI code 5252 that is not estates and trusts, and ISI code 5331)

- 16 Real estate (ISI code 5310)
- 17 Information (ISI codes 5111-5191)
- 18 Professional, scientific, and technical services (ISI codes 5411-5419)
- 19 Other services (ISI codes 1150, 2132, 2133, 5321, 5329, and 5611-8130)

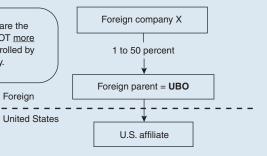
Manufacturing, including fabricating, assembling, and processing of goods:

- 20 Food (ISI codes 3111-3119)
- 21 Beverages and tobacco products (ISI codes 3121 and 3122)
- 22 Pharmaceuticals and medicine (ISI code 3254)
- 23 Other chemicals (ISI codes 3251–3259, except 3254)
- 24 Nonmetallic mineral products (ISI codes 3271–3279)
- 25 Primary and fabricated metal products (ISI codes 3311–3329)
- 26 Computer and electronic products (ISI codes 3341–3346)
- 27 Machinery (ISI codes 3331-3339)
- 28 Electrical equipment, appliances and components (ISI codes 3351-3359)
- 29 Motor vehicles and parts (ISI codes 3361-3363)
- 30 Other transportation equipment (ISI codes 3364–3369)
- **31** Other manufacturing (ISI codes 3130–3231, 3261, 3262, 3370–3399)
- 32 Petroleum manufacturing, including integrated petroleum and petroleum refining without extraction (ISI codes 3242-3244)

EXAMPLES OF THE ULTIMATE BENEFICIAL OWNER (UBO)

Example 1 - The UBO and foreign parent are the same

The UBO and foreign parent are the same if the foreign parent is NOT more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person or entity.

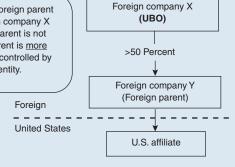


Examples 2A and 2B - The foreign parent is NOT the UBO

Foreign

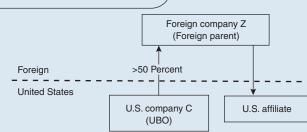
A. The UBO is a foreign person or entity

Foreign company Y is the foreign parent of the U.S. affiliate; foreign company X is the UBO. The foreign parent is not the UBO if the foreign parent is more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person or entity.



B. The UBO is a U.S. person or entity

Foreign company Z is the foreign parent of the U.S. affiliate. U.S. company C is the UBO.



Part II - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliate

Section A - INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION AND TOTAL SALES OF FULLY CONSOLIDATED U.S. AFFILIATE

What is (are) the major product(s) and/or service(s) of the fully consolidated U.S. affiliate? If a product, also state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, transported, packaged, etc. (For example, "manufacture widgets.")

1163

Enter the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(s) and the sales associated with each code in items 17 through 20.

Book publishers, printers, and real estate investment trusts see instructions 17–22 on page 20.

Column 1 – ISI Code – See the Summary of Industry Classifications on page 13. For a full explanation of each code, see the *Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017* located at www.bea.gov/naics2017. For an inactive affiliate, base the industry classification(s) on its last active period. For "start-ups" with no sales, show the intended activities. Holding company (ISI code 5512) is often an invalid industry classification for a conglomerate. A conglomerate must determine its industry code based on the activities of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. business enterprise.

Column 2 - Sales

INCLUDE

- Total sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, returns, allowances, and discounts.
- · Fees and commissions
- Revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment.
- ONLY finance and insurance companies and units should report dividends and interest. Companies involved with repos and reverse repos – see instructions 17–22 on page 20.
- Total income of holding companies including income (loss) from equity investments in unconsolidated U.S. and foreign business enterprises, certain gains (losses), other income, plus sales and gross operating revenue, if any.

EXCLUDE 16C

- Investment gains and losses reported in item 53.
- Sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer.
- Excise taxes levied directly on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.
- Gains (losses) from DISPOSALS of discontinued operations and gains and losses from derivative instruments (report as certain gains (losses) in item 53).

ISI code

Sales

Dividends and interest earned by non-finance and noninsurance companies and units.

gross sportaling revenue, many.	(4)	(2)
196° 4101° 419°	(1) \$ Bi	I. Mil. Thous. Dols.
17 Enter code of industry with largest salesSelect ISI CODI	2	000
13 Enter code of industry with 2nd largest salesSelect ISI CODI 1165	2	000
19 Enter code of industry with 3rd largest sales.	2	000
20 Enter code of industry with 4th largest sales	2	000
21 Sales not accounted for above – Items 17 through 20 must all have entries if amounts are entered in this item	2	000
	2	000
22 Total sales or gross operating revenues (excluding sales taxes) – Sum of items 17 through 21, 11/4 1 column 2		000

Section	n B – OTHER FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA FOR FY 2021	2159	\$ Bil. Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
23	Net income (loss) — after provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes		'		000
24	Employee compensation — Base compensation on payroll records. Employee compensation must cover compensation charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized during the reporting period. INCLUDE wages and salaries and employee benefit plans. EXCLUDE compensation related to activities of a prior period, such as compensation capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. EXCLUDE compensation of contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. affiliate. See instruction 24 on page 20.	2253	1		000
25	Research and development (R&D) performed BY the U.S. affiliate — INCLUDE all costs incurred in performing R&D, including depreciation, amortization, wages and salaries, taxes, materials and supplies, overhead — whether or not allocated to others — and all other indirect costs. EXCLUDE the cost of R&D funded by the U.S. affiliate but performed by others. See instruction 25 on page 20	2403	1		000
26	expenditures for land and other property, plant, and equipment — INCLUDE all purchases by, or transfers (at net book value) to, the U.S. affiliate of land, mineral and timber rights, and other property, plant and equipment. Also INCLUDE capitalized and expensed exploration and development expenditures. EXCLUDE expenditures made in prior years that are reclassified in the current year. Also EXCLUDE land and other property, plant, and equipment obtained through the acquisition of or merger with another company during the year. DO NOT net out sales and other dispositions of property, plant, and equipment from the expenditures reported in this item		1		000
27	Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment at close of FY 2021	2397	1		000
		2597			
	BEA USE ONLY				

Part II - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

Section C - U.S. TRADE IN GOODS BY U.S. AFFILIATE ON A SHIPPED BASIS

Report the value of goods exported and imported by the U.S. affiliate during the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021. EXCLUDE services. Software publishers – see the discussion under packaged general use computer software on page 21. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. Report amounts on a "shipped basis." See instructions 28-29 on page 21 for details of what to include in these items. 2502 1 28 Exports, including capital goods - Shipped by U.S. affiliate to foreign persons (valued f.a.s. U.S. port) MNEs 2021-Revises

Obles to rical record. Imports, including capital goods - Shipped to U.S. affiliate by foreign persons (valued f.a.s. foreign port) Section D - BALANCE SHEET For insurance companies — see special instructions starting on page 22. NOTE - Foreign operations of the U.S. affiliate, including those in which it has a majority interest, are to be unconsolidated. Include all unconsolidated foreign operations using the equity method. Close FY 2021 \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols 30 Total assets Check box if total liabilities are zero 31 Total liabilities

Section E - EMPLOYMENT AND PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT BY LOCATION

32 Total owners' equity — Item 30 minus item 31

Complete the schedule on the following page for up to five or fifteen states, (whichever is applicable based on the instructions in item 33), in which the U.S. affiliate has operations. If the U.S. affiliate has activities in more than five (or fifteen) states, report those states for which the number of employees (column (3)) is largest. If the number of employees is zero or insignificant, use the gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment (column (5)) to determine the five (or fifteen) states.

Column 3 – Number of employees at close of FY 2021 – Include only employees of those U.S. business enterprises that are fully consolidated into the reporting U.S. affiliate. Do not consolidate or include employees of foreign business enterprises or operations, whether incorporated or unincorporated. Include all employees on the payroll at the end of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, including part-time employees. Exclude contract workers. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of the number on the payroll at the end of the fiscal year. Location of employees is the U.S. state, territory, or possession in which the person is permanently employed.

Column 4 — Complete this column ONLY if the U.S. affiliate is majority-owned by foreign parent(s). **Include** all employees on the payrolls of operating manufacturing plants in the state. **Include** administrative office and other auxiliary employees located at an operating plant and who serve only that plant.

Column 5 – Include land and other property, plant, and equipment items, whether carried as investments, in fixed asset accounts, or in other balance sheet accounts. Include land held for resale, for investment purposes, and all other land owned. Include land and other property, plant, and equipment on finance leases from others, but exclude that on finance leases to others. Include property you own that you lease to others under operating leases. Value land and other property, plant, and equipment at historical cost before any allowances for depreciation or depletion.

Part II – Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliate – Continued

sales or gros	s oper	following three options to complete the scl ating revenues, or net income (loss), not ju arent(s). Consider the U.S. affiliate in total,	ıst the	foreign parent's share	e) and whethe	er it is ma	ajority-or-minority	,
1100 4		owned with size greater than \$300 million – C					, ,	
. 🗀 🐃		owned with size of \$120 million to \$300 million					-	
¹ 3 ☐ M	ajority-	owned with size of \$120 million to \$300 millio	n – Coi	mplete all columns of	the schedule b	elow for u	up to five states.	So
Sum the data	for the	e remaining states on line 49 if the affiliate	has o	perations in more that	n fifteen or fiv	e states,	respectively.	
		•			0	021		
					If U.S. affilia		Gross book value (his cost) of all land ar	
BEA USE		STATE — Enter name	BEA USE	M	majority-own foreign pare report the por	nt(s),	other property, plant, equipment wherever	, and
ONLY		Enter name of U.S. territory or possession on the lines below. Additional instructions for	ONLY	Number of employees at close of FY 2021	employees in co that are manufa	lumn (3) acturing	on balance sheet, FY closing balance	
(1)		items 34–50 are found on page 21	(2)	ore anist	employee (4)	es	Total equals item :	27
		60		Number	Numbe	r	\$ Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
1	34	Select State	ere		4			000
1	35	Select State	20 P	3.9	4		5	000
1	36	Select State	20	3	4		5	000
1	37	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1,156	38	Select State-	2	3	4		5	000
orm all	39	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
42 CO.	40	-Select State	2	3	4		5	000
gara 4 cr	41	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
kind cr	42	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1	43	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1	44	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1	45	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1	46	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1	47	Select State	2	3	4		5	000
1.	48		2	3	4		5	000
1	49	Employment and property, plant, and equipment not accounted for above	2	3	4		5	Ì
1		2700	2	3	4		5	000
	50	TOTAL — Sum of items 34 through 49						000
					2598		EA USE ONLY	

Part II - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

Section F — OTHER FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA (MAJORITY-OWNED U.S. AFFILIATES)

Did the sum of the ownership interests (both direct and indirect) held by ALL foreign parents in the voting securities (or an equivalent interest) of this U.S. affiliate EXCEED 50 percent as of the end of the U.S. affiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021? "Voting interest" is defined in instructions 9–13 starting on page 19.

1101 1 Yes – Continue with item 53. 1 2 No – STOP. You have completed the BE-15B.

	119	
NOTE: Complete items 53 through 62 ONLY if item 52 is answered "Yes"	Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
Certain gains (losses), included in item 23, net income (loss) – Report at gross amount before income tax effect. Report income tax effect in item 54. See instruction 53 starting on page 21 for details of what to include in this item	rd.	000
Income taxes – Provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local incomes taxes. INCLUDE the income tax effect of certain gains (losses) reported in item 53. EXCLUDE production royalty payments.	•	000
by the payer. Do not net against interest expense (item 56).		000
Interest expense plus interest capitalized, paid or due to all payees (including to foreign parents and affiliates), before deduction of U.S. tax withheld by the affiliate. Do not net against interest income (item 55)		000

DISTRIBUTION OF SALES OR GROSS OPERATING REVENUES

Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories — sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally outputs that are intangible. When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value.

NOTE — Before completing this section, see the instructions 58 through 60 on page 22.

Utilities and oil & gas producers and distributors — To the extent feasible, revenues are to be allocated between sales of goods and sales of services. Revenues earned from the sale of a product (e.g., electricity, natural gas, oil, water, etc.) are to be reported as sales of goods. Revenues earned from the distribution or transmission of a product (e.g., fees received for the use of transmission lines, pipelines, etc.) are to be reported as sales of services.

			ф DII.	IVIII.	mous.	DOIS.
57	Total sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes —	243	1			
	Equals item 22, column 2, and also sum of items 58 through 60					000
_		244	l			
58	Sales of goods					000
_		245	i			
59	Investment income included in gross operating revenues. Include ALL interest and dividends generated by					
	finance and insurance subsidiaries or units					000
		246	ı			000
60	Sales of services, total — Sum of items 61 and 62	247				000
04			1			000
61	To U.S. persons or entities	257				000
60			1			000
62	To foreign persons or entities					000

OMB No. 0608-0034: Approval Expires 11/30/2024

					:	
FORM	FORM BE-15 Supplement A (2021)	ment A (202	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	BEA USE ONLY	Page number	
,	LIST OF ALL U.S. BU	JSINESS ENTERPRI	S FULLY CONSOLIDATED INTO T	Name of U.S. affiliate as shown on page 1		
NOTE	E – If you filed a Supplem completing a new Sup has been updated to s	nent A or a computer ppplement A, you may show any additions, c	If you filed a Supplement A or a computer printout of Supplement A with your 2020 BE-15 report, in lieu of completing a new Supplement A, you may substitute a copy of that Supplement A or computer printout that has been updated to show any additions, deletions, or other changes.			
Suppl ness with it	enterprises. The number of temples of tempers on page 3. Contin	ted by a reporting affior U.S. business enterne listing onto as ma	Supplement A must be completed by a reporting affiliate that consolidates financial and operating data of any other U.S. business enterprises. The number of U.S. business enterprises listed below plus the reporting U.S. business enterprise must agree with item Z on page 3. Continue listing onto as many additional pages as necessary.	Primary Employer Identification Number as shown in item 3 on page 3.	5110 1	
	If the affiliate has changed since last report, please select the reason. If it is new, please select the corresponding "new" transaction two	If affiliate is new since last report, please enter the date the U.S. business enterprise was acquired or established	ss enterprise consolidated tem Z on page 30	Employer Identification Name of U.S. business enterprise which Number used to file holds the direct ownership interest in the income and payroll taxes U.S. affiliate listed in column 1 (2)	enterprise which hip interest in the in column 1	Percent of direct voting ownership that the entity named in column 3 holds in the entity named in column 1. - Enler percent to rearest tenth. (4)
5111	Ϋ́	7	2	4		8
6 5112	Select Reason	7	011	4		9%
6 5113	Select Reason	7	2	4		2
6 5114	Select Reason	//	2	Fil 56		%
6 5115	Select Reason	7	8	1 3		2
6 5116	Select Reason	7	6	6		8
6 5117	Select Reason	7	8	4		2 %
5118	Select Reason	7	8	1.1		5
5119	Select Reason	7	8	(0)		5
6 5120	Select Reason	7	g	4		2
5121	Select Reason	7	8	\$10 30		5
6 5122	Select Reason	7	В	315		5
6 5123	Select Reason	7	g	M st		2
6 5124	Select Reason	7	on on	4		5
6 5125	Select Reason	7	8	4		5
6 5126	Select Reason	7	o o	4 2		2
6 5127	Select Reason	7	6	4		8
6 5128	Select Reason	7	m s	4	A 3	5
6 5129	Select Reason	7	8	4	R	9%
6 5130	Select Reason	7	m	4	ألاج	2
5131 6 5132 6 5133		If you need	If you need to file more lines, use the separate overflow 9	the separate overflow Supplement Excel file provided on our website	on our websit	Φ̈́

OMB No. 0608-0034: Approval Expires 11/30/2024

FORM B		Supplement B (2021)			U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	BEA USE Page	Page
(REV. 10/2021)							number
	FIS	T OF ALL U.S. AFFIL OWNE	LIST OF ALL U.S. AFFILIATES IN WHICH THE REPORTING AFFILIATE (AS CONSOLIDATED) HAS A DIRECT OWNERSHIP INTEREST BUT WHICH ARE NOT FULLY CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATE	D) HAS A DIRECT	Name of U.S. affiliate as shown on page 1	wn on page 1
NOTE	If you filed a Supple may substitute a co	ement B or a compu	NOTE – If you filed a Supplement B or a computer printout of Supplement B with your 2020 BE 15 report, in lieu of completing a new Supplement B you may substitute a copy of that Supplement B or computer printout that has been updated to show any additions, deletions, or other changes.	5 report, in lieu α to show any add	of completing a new Supplement B you litions, deletions, or other changes.		
Suppleme consolida	ent B must be completed. The number of U	eted by a reporting aff. J.S. affiliates listed bel	Supplement B must be completed by a reporting affiliate which files a BE-15B and has a direct ownership interest in a U.S. affiliate(s) which is (are) not fully consolidated. The number of U.S. affiliates listed below must agree with item 8 on page 3. Continue listing onto as many additional pages as necessary.	p interest in a U.S. ing onto as many	. affiliate(s) which is (are) not fully additional pages as necessary.		
BEA USE ONLY	If the affiliate has changed since last report, please select the reason. If it is new, please select the corresponding "new," transaction type	If affiliate is new since last report, please enter the date the U.S. business enterprise was acquired or established	Name of each U.S. affiliate in which a directinterest is held but that is not listed in Supplement A	TAG!	Address Provide number, street, city, state, and ZIP Code (2)	Employer Identification Number used to file income and payroll taxes (3)	Percent of direct voting ownership interest that the fully consolidated U.S. business enterprise named on page 1, holds in the entity named in column 1.
6211	Select Reason	4	2	orm'	Pre orm	2	%
5 6212	Select Reason	4	8	5 G	filia sen	9	%
6213	Select Reason	4	Q	в	ies led www	2	%
5 214	Select Reason	4	Q	в	of Formers	2	%
7 6215	Select Reason	4	8	в	for a.go	2	%
7 6216	Select Reason	4	Q	в	in which his to	2	%
6217	Select Reason	4	2	ო	orici		%
6218	Select Reason	4	7	_წ	31	207	%
6219	Select Reason	4	7	_წ			%
6220	Select Reason	4	5	ო		3,15	%
6221	Select Reason	4	0	<u>«</u>		2	%

Summary of Industry Classifications - For a full explanation of each code see www.hea.gov/naics2017

	Summary of Industry Classifi	catio	ns – For a full explanation of each coo	le see	www.bea.gov/naics2017
Agric	ulture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	3334	Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning,	5151	Radio and television broadcasting
_	Crop production		and commercial refrigeration equipment	5152	
	Animal production and aquaculture	3335	Metalworking machinery		Wired and wireless telecommunications carriers
	Forestry and logging	3336			Satellite telecommunications
	Fishing, hunting, and trapping	2220	transmission equipment	5179	Other telecommunications
	Support activities for agriculture and forestry		Other general purpose machinery Computer and peripheral equipment	5182	Data processing, hosting, and related services Other information services
			Communications equipment	5191	Other information services
Minir	~		Audio and video equipment	Finar	nce and Insurance
	Oil and gas extraction		Semiconductors and other	5221	Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
2121			electronic components		Activities related to credit intermediation
	Nonmetallic minerals	3345	Navigational, measuring, electromedical,	5224	
	Iron ores Gold and silver ores	00.40	and control instruments		branches and agencies
		3346	Manufacturing and reproducing	5229	Non-depository branches and agencies
	Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores Other metal ores	3351	magnetic and optical media Electric lighting equipment	5231	Securities and commodity contracts
	Support activities for oil and gas operations		Household appliances		intermediation and brokerage
	Support activities for mining, except	3353		5238	Other financial investment activities and
2100	for oil and gas operations		Other electrical equipment and components	=0.40	exchanges
		3361		5242	Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance
Utilit	ies	3362		5040	related activities
2211	Electric power generation,		Motor vehicle parts	5243	Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance
	transmission, and distribution		Aerospace products and parts	5249	Carriers Direct life insurance carriers
	Natural gas distribution	3365	Railroad rolling stock Ship and boat building		Funds, trusts, and other finance vehicles
2213	Water, sewage, and other systems	3369		JEJE (Tunds, trasts, and other infance vericles
Cons	truction	3370	Furniture and related products	Real	Estate and Rental and Leasing
	Construction of buildings	3391		5310	Real estate
	Heavy and civil engineering construction	3399	Other miscellaneous manufacturing	5321	Automotive equipment rental and leasing
	Specialty trade contractors			5329	Other rental and leasing services
2000	opecially trade contractors		esale Trade, Durable Goods	5331	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets,
Manu	ıfacturing	4231	Motor vehicle and motor vehicle	Y	except copyrighted works
3111	Animal foods	4000	parts and supplies	D6-	i C-ilife T
	Grain and oilseed milling	4232	Furniture and home furnishing Lumber and other construction materials		essional, Scientific, and Technical
3113	Sugar and confectionery products		Professional and commercial	Servi	
3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and	7207	equipment and supplies	5411	
	specialty foods	4235	Metal and mineral (except petroleum)	5412	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping,
	Dairy products	4236	Household appliances and electrical and	=	and payroll services
	Meat products	-6	electronic goods		Architectural, engineering, and related services
	Seafood product preparation and packaging	4237	Hardware, and plumbing and heating		Specialized design services
	Bakery products and tortillas	4000	equipment and supplies		Computer systems design and related services
	Other food products		Machinery, equipment, and supplies	5416	Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
	Beverages	4239	Miscellaneous durable goods	5417	Scientific research and development services
	Tobacco Textile mills	Who	esale Trade, Nondurable Goods		Advertising, public relations, and related services
3140	Textile product mills	4241	Paper and paper product		Other professional, scientific, and
3150	Apparel	4242	Drugs and druggists' sundries	0110	technical services
	Leather and allied products		Apparel, piece goods, and notions		tooningal convictor
	Wood products		Grocery and related product	Mana	gement of Companies and Enterprises
	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills		Farm product raw material	5512	Holding companies, except bank holding
	Converted paper products		Chemical and allied products		companies
	Printing and related support activities	4247 4248	Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage	5513	Corporate, subsidiary, and regional
3242	Integrated petroleum refining and extraction	4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods		management offices
	Petroleum refining without extraction	12 10	Middella i i di alla di	Admi	inistrative and Support, Waste
3244	Asphalt and other petroleum and	Who	esale Trade, Electronic Markets		
	coal products	and	Agents And Brokers		gement, and Remediation Services
	Basic chemicals		Wholesale electronic markets and		Office administrative services
3252	Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial		agents and brokers		Facilities support services
0050	and synthetic fibers and filaments				Employment services
3253	Pesticides, fertilizers, and other		il Trade	5614	Business support services Travel arrangement and reservation services
2254	agricultural chemicals Pharmaceuticals and medicines		Motor vehicle and parts dealers	5616	Investigation and security services
	Paints, coatings, and adhesives	4420 4431		5617	,
			Electronics and appliance	5619	
0200	Soan cleaning compounds and	4440	Ruilding material and garden equipment		Waste management and remediation services
3259	Soap, cleaning compounds, and toilet preparations	4440			
	toilet preparations		and supplies dealers	5620	vacto managoment and formulation convices
	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations	4450	and supplies dealers Food and beverage	5620	ational Services
3261	toilet preparations		and supplies dealers Food and beverage	5620 Educ	·
3261 3262	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products	4450 4461 4471 4480	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories	5620 Educ 6110	ational Services Educational services
3261 3262 3271	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music	Educ 6110 Healt	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance
3261 3262 3271 3272	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise	5620 Educ 6110 Heal 6210	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise	5620 Educ 6110 Heal 6210 6220 6230	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing	5620 Educ 6110 Heal 6210 6220 6230 6240	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts,	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts,	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports,
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum)	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840 4850	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries Forging and stamping	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil,	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries Forging and stamping Cutlery and hand tools	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840 4863	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Truck transportation Truck transportation Pipeline transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130 Acco	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries Immodation and Food Services Accommodation
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314 3315 3321 3322 3323	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries Forging and stamping Cutlery and hand tools Architectural and structural metals	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840 4863	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers Sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas Other pipeline transportation	5620 Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130 Acco	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries Immodation and Food Services
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314 3315 3321 3322 3323 3324	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries Forging and stamping Cutlery and hand tools Architectural and structural metals Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840 4850 4863	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Patil transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas Other pipeline transportation Scenic and sightseeing transportation	Educ 6110 Heali 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130 Acco 7210 7220	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries Immodation and Food Services Accommodation Food services and drinking places
3261 3262 3271 3272 3273 3274 3279 3311 3312 3313 3314 3315 3321 3322 3323 3324 3324 3325	toilet preparations Other chemical products and preparations Plastics products Rubber products Clay products and refractories Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products Lime and gypsum products Other nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel mills Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries Forging and stamping Cutlery and hand tools Architectural and structural metals	4450 4461 4471 4480 4510 4520 4530 4540 Tran 4810 4821 4833 4839 4840 4863	and supplies dealers Food and beverage Health and personal care Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers Sportation and Warehousing Air transportation Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas Other pipeline transportation	Educ 6110 Healt 6210 6220 6230 6240 Arts, 7110 7121 7130 Acco 7210 7220	ational Services Educational services th Care and Social Assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance services Entertainment, and Recreation Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries Immodation and Food Services Accommodation

3328

3329

3331

3332

Spring and wire products
Machine shop products, turned products, and screws, nuts, and bolts

Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery Industrial machinery Commercial and service industry machinery

Coating, engraving, heat treating,

Other fabricated metal products

and allied activities

4932 Petroleum storage for hire 4939 Other warehousing and storage

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
 5112 Software publishers

Motion picture and video industries

5121 Motion picture and video inc 5122 Sound recording industries

Information

8120

Public Administration

9200 Public administration

and similar organizations

Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional,

2021 ANNUAL SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES BE-15B INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: Instructions in section IV are cross-referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 13.

Authority – This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

A response is required from persons (in the broad sense, including companies) subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-15 survey. Also, persons contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond pursuant to section 801.3 of 15 CFR, pt. 801 and the survey instructions. This may be accomplished by completing and submitting Form BE-15A, BE-15B, BE-15C, or BE-15 Claim For Exemption, whichever is applicable, by **May 31, 2022**.

Penalties – Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). The civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.3.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey is at the top of page 1.

Respondent Burden – Public reporting burden for this BE-15B is estimated to vary from 75 minutes to 9 hours per response, with an average of 3.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Road, Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0034, Washington, DC 20503.

Confidentiality – The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through secure monitoring of the BEA information systems.

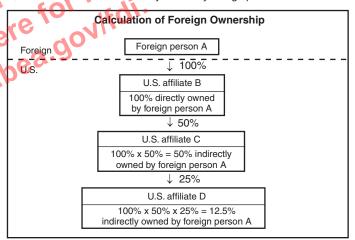
I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Who must report – A BE-15 report is required for each U.S. affiliate, i.e., for each U.S. business enterprise in which a foreign person or entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities if an incorporated U.S. business enterprise, or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, at the end of the business enterprise's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021. Certain private funds may be exempt from filing; see item 2(d) of the BE-15 Claim for exemption for more information.

Foreign ownership interest – All direct and indirect lines of ownership held by a foreign person in a given U.S. business enterprise must be summed to determine if the enterprise is a U.S. affiliate of the foreign person for purposes of reporting.

Indirect ownership interest in a U.S. business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage of the foreign parent in the first U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second U.S. business enterprise, multiplied by each succeeding direct ownership percentage of each other intervening U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain between the foreign parent and the given U.S. business enterprise.

Example: In the diagram below, foreign person A owns 100% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate B; U.S. affiliate B owns 50% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate C owns 25% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate D. Therefore, U.S. affiliate B is 100% directly owned by foreign person A; U.S. affiliate C is 50% indirectly owned by foreign person A; and U.S. affiliate D is 12.5% indirectly owned by foreign person A.



A report is required even if the foreign person's voting interest in the U.S. business enterprise was established or acquired during the reporting period.

Beneficial, not record, ownership is the basis of the reporting criteria. Voting securities, voting stock, and voting interest all have the same general meaning and are used interchangeably throughout these instructions and the report forms.

Airline and ship operators – U.S. stations, ticket offices, and terminal and port facilities of foreign airlines and ship operators that provide services ONLY to the foreign airlines' and ship operators' own operation are not required to report. Reports are required when such enterprises produce significant revenues from services provided to unaffiliated persons.

Agencies and representative offices – U.S. representative offices, agents, and employees of a foreign person or entity that meet the criteria outlined below are not considered to be U.S. affiliates, and therefore, should not be reported on Forms BE-15A, BE-15B, or BE-15C. However, a foreign person's or entity's disbursements to maintain U.S. sales and representative offices must be reported on Form BE-125, Quarterly Survey of Transactions in Selected Services and Intellectual Property with Foreign Persons. Copies of Form BE-125 are available on BEA's Web site at: http://www.bea.gov/ssb

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS - Continued

A U.S. presence of a foreign person or entity (or their representative(s)) is considered a U.S. sales promotion or representative office if:

- It is engaged only in sales promotion, representational activities, public relations activities, or the gathering of market information, on behalf of the foreign person or entity;
- 2. It does not produce revenue (other than funds from the foreign person or entity to cover its expenses); and
- 3. It has minimal assets held either in its own name or the name of the foreign person or entity.

A U.S. presence of a foreign person or entity (or their representative(s)) that produces revenue for its own account from goods or services it provides to others is considered a U.S. affiliate and is subject to the BE-15 reporting requirements.

- Which form to file Review the questions below and the flow chart on this page to determine if your U.S. business enterprise is required to file the BE-15 survey. Blank forms can be found at: <u>www.bea.gov/surveys/fdiusurv</u>
 - a. Were at least 10 percent of the voting rights in your business enterprise directly or indirectly owned by a foreign person or entity at the end of your fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021?

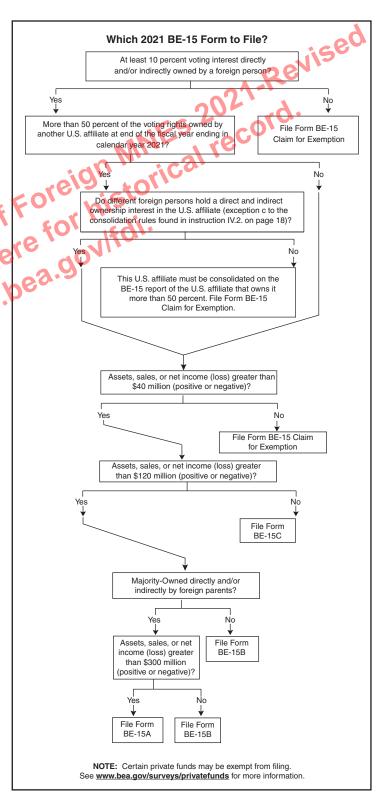
 Yes Continue with question b.

 No File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption by May 31, 2022.
 b. Were more than 50 percent of the voting rights in this U.S. business enterprise owned by another U.S. affiliate at the end of this U.S. business enterprise's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021?
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question c.☐ No Skip to question d. NOTE: Your business is hereafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate."
 - c. Do different foreign persons hold a direct and an indirect ownership interest in this U.S. business enterprise (exception c to the consolidation rules)? (The consolidation rules are found in instruction IV.2, starting on page 17.)
 - Yes Continue with question d. NOTE: Your business is hereafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate."
 - No This U.S. business enterprise must be consolidated on the BE-15 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File the Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption with page 1 and item (c) on page 3 completed by May 31, 2022.

Notify the U.S. affiliate that owns this affiliate more than 50 percent, and have them consolidate your data into their report.

- d. Did any one of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$40 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021?
 - \square Yes Continue with question e.
 - □ No File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption by May 31, 2022.
- e. Did any one of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$120 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021?
 - ☐ Yes Continue with guestion f.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-15C by May 31, 2022.
- f. Was the U.S. affiliate majority-owned by its foreign parent(s) at the end of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021? (A U.S. affiliate is "majority-owned" if the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceed 50 percent.)
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question g.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-15B by May 31, 2022.

- g. Did any one of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$300 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021?
 - ☐ Yes File Form BE-15A by May 31, 2022.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-15B by May 31, 2022.



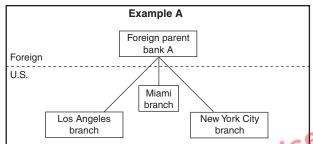
I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS - Continued

2. Who must file Form BE-15B – 2021 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States?

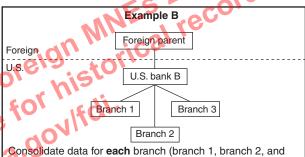
A Form BE-15B must be completed and filed by May 31, 2022, by each U.S. business enterprise that was a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person at the end of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, if:

- a. On a fully consolidated, or, in the case of real estate investments, an aggregated basis, any one of the following three items <u>Total assets</u> (do not net out liabilities), or <u>Sales or gross operating revenues</u>, excluding sales taxes, or <u>Net income</u> after provision for U.S. income taxes for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceeded \$120 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, and EITHER b. OR c. below is applicable.
- b. The ownership or control (both direct and indirect) by all foreign parents in the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise (or an equivalent interest of an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise) at the end of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, was 50 percent or less (i.e., the voting securities, or equivalent interest were not majority-owned by foreign parents), or
- c. The ownership or control (both direct and indirect) by all foreign parents in the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise (or an equivalent interest of an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise) at the end of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, exceeded 50 percent (i.e., the voting securities or equivalent interest were majority-owned by foreign parents), and on a fully consolidated, or, in the case of real estate investments, on an aggregated basis, none of the following three items Total assets (do not net out liabilities), or Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or Net income after provision for U.S. income taxes for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceeded \$300 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021.
- B. Aggregation of real estate investments Aggregate all real estate investments in the United States of a foreign person for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria. Use a single report form to report the aggregate holdings, unless BEA has granted permission to do otherwise. Those holdings not aggregated must be reported separately. Real estate is discussed more fully in instruction V.C. on page 23.
- C. Aggregated reporting for banks All U.S. branches and agencies (including International Banking Facilities) directly owned by a foreign bank may be aggregated on a single BE-15.
 - U.S. branches and agencies, <u>directly owned by the foreign parent</u>, that are aggregated on this report should be counted separately and listed separately on the Supplement A to this form. See Example A in the next column.
 - U.S. branches and agencies, <u>owned by a U.S. bank affiliate</u>, should be consolidated on this report but **not** counted separately and **not** listed separately on the Supplement A to this form. See Example B in the next column.

Note that subsequent filings of Form BE-15 annual reports and Form BE-605 quarterly reports with BEA, if required, must be on the same aggregated basis. If all U.S. branches and agencies directly owned by a foreign bank are not aggregated on a single report, then each branch or agency must file a separate BE-15.



Data for **all** three branches (Miami, Los Angeles, and New York City) owned by Foreign parent bank A may be aggregated on a single BE-15. If aggregated, list **all** three branches on the Supplement A. Report "3" as the number of U.S. branches aggregated for item 7 on page 3.



Consolidate data for **each** branch (branch 1, branch 2, and branch 3) and U.S. bank B on a single BE-15. DO NOT list them on the Supplement A. Report "1" as number of U.S. affiliates consolidated for item 7 on page 3.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.
- **B.** Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- C. Person, means any individual, branch, partnership, association, associated group, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any state), and any government (including a foreign government, the U.S. Government, a state or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency).
- D. Associated group means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business enterprise. The following are deemed to be associated groups:
 - 1. Members of the same family.
 - 2. A business enterprise and one or more of its officers or directors.
 - 3. Members of a syndicate or joint venture.
 - 4. A corporation and its domestic subsidiaries.
- E. Foreign person means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- **F. Direct investment** means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise.

II. DEFINITIONS - Continued

- G. Foreign direct investment in the United States means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one foreign person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- H. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture that exists for profit-making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.
- Branch means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- J. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting securities for an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business enterprise, including a branch.
- K. U.S. affiliate means an affiliate located in the United States in which a foreign person has a direct investment.
 - Majority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
 - Minority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate is 50 percent or less.
- L. Foreign parent is a foreign person that directly or indirectly holds a voting interest of 10 percent or more in the U.S. affiliate. It is the first person outside the United States in a foreign chain of ownership, which has direct investment in a U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- W. U.S. corporation means a business enterprise incorporated in the United States,
- N. Intermediary means any agent, nominee, manager, custodian, trust, or any person acting in a similar capacity.
- O. Ultimate beneficial owner (UBO) is the person or entity, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, in which no other entity has more than 50 percent direct voting interest. Note: Stockholders of a closely or privately held corporation are normally considered to be an associated group and may be a UBO.
- P. Banking covers business enterprises engaged in deposit banking or closely related functions, including commercial banks, Edge Act corporations engaged in international or foreign banking, foreign branches and agencies of U.S. banks whether or not they accept deposits abroad, U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks whether or not they accept domestic deposits, savings and loans, savings banks, bank holding companies, and financial holding companies under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.
- Q. Lease is an arrangement conveying the right to use property, plant, or equipment (i.e., land and/or depreciable assets), usually for a stated period of time.
 - Finance lease A long-term lease under which a sale of the asset is recognized at the inception of the lease. These may be shown as lease contracts or accounts receivable on the lessor's books. The asset would not be considered as owned by the lessor.
 - Operating lease Generally, a lease with a term which is less than the useful life of the asset and a transfer of ownership is not contemplated.
- R. Private Fund refers to the same class of financial entities defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission as private funds on Form PF: "any issuer that would be an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but for section 3(c) (1) or 3(c)(7) of ...[that] Act."

III. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Changes in the reporting entity DO NOT restate close fiscal year 2020 balances for changes in the consolidated reporting entity that occurred during fiscal year 2021. The close fiscal year 2020 balances should represent the reporting entity as it existed at the close of fiscal year 2020.
- B. Required information not available Make all reasonable efforts to obtain the information required for reporting. Answer every item except where specifically exempt. Indicate when only partial information is available.
- C. Estimates If actual figures are not available, provide estimates and label them as such. When items cannot be fully subdivided as required, provide totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals.

Certain sections of the Form BE-15B require data that may not normally be maintained in a company's customary accounting records. Precise answers for these items may present the respondent with a substantial burden beyond what is intended by BEA. This may be especially true for items 28 and 29, U.S. trade in goods by U.S. affiliate on a shipped basis; items 34 through 50, employment and property, plant, and equipment data disaggregated by State; and items 58 through 62, distribution of sales or gross operating revenues by whether the sales were goods, investment income, or services, and the distribution of services by transactor. Therefore, the answers in these sections may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc. However, the estimating procedures used should be consistently applied on all BEA surveys.

D. Space on form insufficient – When space on a form is insufficient to permit a full answer to any item, provide the required information on supplementary sheets, appropriately labeled and referenced to the item number on the form.

IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM

NOTE: Instructions in section IV are cross-referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 13.

2 Consolidation rules

Consolidated reporting by the U.S. affiliate – A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including the full consolidation of all U.S. business enterprises proceeding down each ownership chain whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above. The fully consolidated entity is considered one U.S. affiliate.

A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-15 must aggregate all such holdings. See Instruction I.B. on page 16 and V.C. on page 23 for details.

Do not prepare your BE-15 report using the proportionate consolidation method. Except as noted in 2b. and 2c. on page 18, consolidate all majority-owned U.S. business enterprises into your BE-15 report.

Unless the exceptions discussed below apply, any deviation from these consolidation rules must be approved in writing by BEA. If you file deconsolidated reports, you must file the same type of reports that would have been required if a consolidated report was filed.

Report majority-owned subsidiaries, if not consolidated, on the BE-15B using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for affiliates not consolidated.

Exceptions to consolidated reporting – Note: If a U.S. business enterprise is not consolidated into another U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report, then it **must** be listed on the Supplement B of another U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report, and each U.S. affiliate not consolidated **must** file its own Form BE-15

a. Do not consolidate foreign subsidiaries, branches, operations, or investments no matter what the percentage ownership.

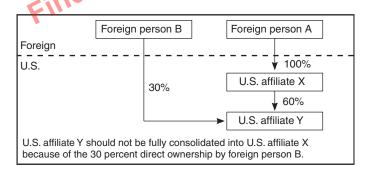
Include foreign holdings owned 20 percent or more using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT report employment, land, and other property, plant, and equipment and DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for holdings reported using the equity method.

DO NOT list any foreign holdings of the U.S. affiliate on the Supplement B.

Oil and gas sites owned by U.S. affiliates and located outside of U.S. claimed territorial waters are to be treated as foreign subsidiaries of the U.S. affiliates if they meet one of the following criteria: (1) they are incorporated in a foreign country; (2) they are set up as a branch; or (3) they have a physical presence in a foreign country as evidenced by property, plant and equipment or employees located in that country.

Real estate located outside the United States that is owned by the U.S. affiliate and generates revenues for, or reimbursements to, the U.S. affiliate, or that facilitates the foreign operations of the U.S. affiliate is a foreign subsidiary and should not be consolidated on this BE-15 report.

- b. Special consolidation rules apply to U.S. affiliates that are limited partnerships or that have an ownership interest in a U.S. limited partnership. These rules can be found on BEA's Web site at: www.bea.gov/help/fag/1011. Also see instruction 6.b. on page 19 for additional information about partnerships.
- c. A U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by different foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own Form BE-15 report. (See diagram below.)



If this exception applies, reflect the indirect ownership interest, even if more than 50 percent, on the balance sheet and income statement of the owning U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report on an equity basis. For example, using the situation shown in the diagram above, U.S. affiliate X must treat its 60 percent ownership interest in U.S. affiliate Y as an equity investment. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for affiliates not consolidated.

4 Reporting period – The report covers the U.S. affiliate's 2021 fiscal year. The affiliate's 2021 fiscal year is defined as the affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2021.

Special circumstances:

a. U.S. affiliates without a financial reporting year – If a U.S. affiliate does not have a financial reporting year, its fiscal year is deemed to be the same as calendar year 2021.

b. Change in fiscal year

(1) New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2021 – A U.S. affiliate that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a 2021 BE-15 report that covers the 12-month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 1: U.S. affiliate A had a June 30, 2020 fiscal year end date but changed its 2021 fiscal year end date to March 31. Affiliate A should file a 2021 BE-15 report covering the 12-month period from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

(2) No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2021 – If a change in fiscal year results in a U.S. affiliate not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021, the affiliate should file a 2021 BE-15 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 2: U.S. affiliate B had a December 31, 2020 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2021, affiliate B decides to have a 15-month fiscal year running from January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022. Affiliate B should file a 2021 BE-15 report covering a 12-month period ending in calendar year 2021, such as the period from April 1, 2020, to March 31, 2021.

For 2022 affiliate B should file a BE-15 report covering the 12-month period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022.

5 Reporting for a U.S. business that became a U.S. affiliate during fiscal year 2021 —

- a. A U.S. business enterprise that was <u>newly established</u> in fiscal year 2021 should file a report for the period starting with the establishment date up to and ending on the last day of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2021. DO NOT estimate amounts for a full year of operations if the first fiscal year is less than 12 months.
- b. A U.S. business enterprise existing before fiscal year 2021 that became a U.S. affiliate in fiscal year 2021 should file a report covering a full 12 months of operations.

6 Reporting by unincorporated U.S. affiliates

- a. Directly owned vs. indirectly owned
 - (1) Directly owned Each unincorporated U.S. affiliate, including a branch, that is directly owned 10 percent or more by a foreign person should file a separate BE-15 report. Do not combine two or more directly owned U.S. affiliates on a single BE-15 report. The only exceptions are for U.S. affiliates that are real estate investments or banks. See Instruction I.B. on page 16 and Instruction V.C. on page 23 for details on real estate. See Instruction I.C. on page 16 for details on banks.
 - (2) Indirectly owned Except as noted in the exceptions to the consolidation rules above, an indirectly owned unincorporated U.S. business enterprise that is owned more than 50 percent (voting interest) by another U.S. affiliate should be fully consolidated on the report with the U.S. affiliate that holds the voting interest greater than 50 percent. An indirectly owned unincorporated U.S. business enterprise owned 50 percent (voting interest) or less by another U.S. affiliate should file a separate BE-15 report if no other U.S. affiliate owns a voting interest of more than 50 percent.

b. Partnerships – Most partnerships are either general partnerships or limited partnerships. A general partnership usually consists of at least two general partners who together control the partnership. A limited partnership usually consists of at least one general partner and one limited partner. The general partner usually controls a limited partnership. The limited partner has a financial interest but does not usually have any voting rights (control) in a limited partnership.

Partners without voting rights (control) cannot have direct investment in a partnership. Therefore, limited partners do not usually have direct investment. The existence of direct investment in a partnership is determined by the percentage of control exercised by the partner(s). The percentage of control exercised by a partner may differ from its financial interest in the partnership.

(1) General partnerships

Determination of voting interest – "Voting interest" is defined in instructions 9-13 beginning on this page. The determination of the percentage of voting interest of a general partner is based on who controls the partnership. The percentage of voting interest is <u>not</u> based on the percentage of ownership in the partnership's equity. The general partners are presumed to control a general partnership. Unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, a general partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners. For example, if a partnership has two general partners, and nothing to the contrary is stated in the partnership agreement, each general partner is presumed to have a 50 percent voting interest. If there are three general partners, each general partner is presumed to have a one-third voting interest, etc.

Managing partners – If one general partner is designated as the managing partner, responsible for the day-to-day operations of the partnership, this does not necessarily transfer control of the partnership to the managing partner. If the managing partner must obtain approval for annual operating budgets and for decisions relating to significant management issues from the other general partners, then the managing partner does not have a 100 percent voting interest in the partnership.

(2) Limited partnerships

(a) Determination of voting interest - "Voting interest" is defined in instructions 9-13 beginning on this page. The determination of the percentage of voting interest in a limited partnership is based on who controls the partnership. The percentage of voting interest is not based on the percentage of ownership in the partnership's equity. In most cases, the general partner is presumed to control a limited partnership, and therefore, have a 100 percent voting interest in the limited partnership. If there is more than one general partner, the partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners, unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement. For example, if a limited partnership has two general partners, and nothing to the contrary is stated in the partnership agreement, then each general partner is presumed to have a 50 percent voting interest in the limited partnership.

Limited partners do not normally exercise any control over a limited partnership. Therefore unless a clause to

the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, limited partners are presumed to have zero voting interest in a limited partnership. If a limited partnership has one or more limited partners who are foreign persons, the foreign limited partners are presumed to have no voting interest, and, therefore, no direct investment in the limited partnership.

Managing partners – See discussion under "General Partnerships" to the left.

(b) Consolidation Rules

Special consolidation rules apply to U.S. affiliates that are limited partnerships or that have an ownership interest in a U.S. limited partnership. These rules can be found on BEA's Web site at: https://www.bea.gov/help/faq/1011

c. Limited Liability Companies (LLCs)

Determination of voting interest – "Voting interest" is defined in instructions for items 9-13. The determination of the percentage of voting interest in an LLC is based on who controls the LLC. The percentage of voting interest is not based on the percentage of ownership in the LLC's equity. LLCs are presumed to be controlled equally by each of its members (owners), unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the articles of organization or the operating agreement. For example, if an LLC has two members, and nothing to the contrary is contained in the articles of organization or the operating agreement, then each member is presumed to have a 50 percent voting interest in the LLC; if there are three members, then each member is presumed to have a one-third voting interest in the LLC.

Managing member – If one member is designated as the managing member responsible for the day-to-day operations of the LLC, this does not necessarily transfer control of the LLC to the managing member. If the managing member must obtain approval for annual operating budgets and decisions relating to other significant management issues from the other members, then the managing member does not have a 100 percent voting interest in the LLC.

8 U.S. affiliates NOT consolidated – Report investments in U.S. business enterprises that are not fully consolidated and that are owned 20 percent or more using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT report employment, land, and other property, plant, and equipment and DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for holdings reported using the equity method.

Report investments owned less than 20 percent at fair value, or your normal reporting practice, in accordance with FASB ASC 321.

List all U.S. affiliates in which this U.S. affiliate has a voting interest of at least 10 percent and that are not consolidated in this Form BE-15B on the Supplement B.

9 - 13 Ownership — Voting interest and equity interest

a. Voting interest is the percent of ownership in the voting equity of the U.S. affiliate. Voting equity consists of ownership interests that have a say in the management of the company. Examples of voting equity include capital stock that has voting rights and a general partner's interest in a partnership. See instruction 6.b.(1) and 6.b.(2)(a) for information about determining the voting interest for partnerships. See instruction 6c. for information about determining the voting interest for Limited Liability Companies.

b. Equity interest is the percent of ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the U.S. affiliate. Nonvoting equity consists of ownership interests that do not have a say in the management of the company. An example of nonvoting equity is preferred stock that has no voting rights.

Voting interest and equity interest are not always equal.

For example, an owner can have a 100 percent voting interest in a U.S. affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity. This situation is illustrated in the following example.

Example: U.S. affiliate A has two classes of stock, common and preferred. There are 50 shares of common stock outstanding. Each common share is entitled to one vote and has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount. There are 50 shares of preferred stock outstanding. Each preferred share has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount but has no voting rights. Foreign parent B owns all 50 shares of the common stock. U.S. investors own all 50 shares of the preferred stock. Since foreign parent B owns all of the voting stock, foreign parent B has a 100 percent voting interest in U.S. affiliate A. However, since all 50 shares of the nonvoting preferred shares are owned by U.S. investors, foreign parent B has only a 50 percent equity interest in the owners' equity amount of U.S. affiliate A.

17 – 22 Industry classification and total sales of fully consolidated U.S. affiliate

Book publishers and printers – Printing books without publishing is classified in International Surveys Industry (ISI) code 3231 (printing and related support activities) not ISI code 5111 (newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers).

Real estate investment trusts (REITS) – Report hybrid or mortgage REITS in ISI code 5252 (funds, trusts, and other finance vehicles). Report all other REITS in ISI code 5310 (real estate).

Repos and reverse repos – To report sales by industry (items 17–22), interest income and interest expense associated with repos and reverse repos should be offset against one another and reported at the net amount. On the balance sheet, reverse repos should be reported as assets and included on item 30 (total assets) while repos should be reported as liabilities and included on item 31 (total liabilities).

If you are required to complete page 10, then in item 59 (investment income included in gross operating revenues) interest income and interest expense associated with repos and reverse repos should be offset against one another and reported at the net amount. However, in items 55 (interest income from all sources) and 56 (interest expense plus interest capitalized) interest income and interest expense associated with repos and reverse repos should be reported at the gross amounts.

Employee compensation – Base employee compensation on payroll records related to activities during the reporting period. Employee compensation includes wages and salaries and employee benefit plans.

Wages and salaries are the gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. Include time and piece rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit sharing amounts, and commissions. Exclude commissions paid to persons who are not employees.

Wages and salaries include direct payments by employers for vacations, sick leave, severance (redundancy) pay, etc. Include employer contributions to benefit funds. Exclude payments made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rather than by the employer.

Wages and salaries include in-kind payments, valued at their cost, that are clearly and primarily of benefit to the employees as consumers. Exclude expenditures that benefit employers as well as employees, such as expenditures for plant facilities, employee training programs, and reimbursement for business expenses.

Employee benefit plans are employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those required by government statute, those resulting from a collective bargaining contract, or those that are voluntary. Employee benefit plans include Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, include only the contributions of the employer.

25 Research and development (R&D) performed BY the U.S. affiliate – Research and development (R&D) comprise creative and systematic work undertaken in order to increase the stock of knowledge and to devise new applications of available knowledge. This includes a) activities aimed at acquiring new knowledge or understanding without specific immediate commercial applications or uses (basic research); b) activities aimed at solving a specific problem or meeting a specific commercial objective (applied research); and c) systematic work, drawing on research and practical experience and resulting in additional knowledge, which is directed to producing new products or processes or to improving existing products or processes (development). R&D includes both direct costs such as salaries of researchers as well as administrative and overhead costs clearly associated with the company's R&D.

The term R&D does NOT include expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R&D project
- · Market research
- · Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- · Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.

Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.

Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.

R&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R&D organization.

INCLUDE all costs incurred to support R&D performed by the affiliate. INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R&D property and equipment; cost of computer software used in R&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R&D

organization. EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

Does R&D include development of software and Internet applications?

Research and development activity in software and Internet applications refers only to activities with an element of uncertainty and that are intended to close knowledge gaps and meet scientific and technological needs.

R&D activity in software INCLUDES:

- Software development or improvement activities that expand scientific or technological knowledge
- Construction of new theories and algorithms in the field of computer science

R&D activity in software **EXCLUDES**:

- Software development that does not depend on a scientific or technological advance, such as
 - · supporting or adapting existing systems
 - · adding functionality to existing application programs, and
 - routine debugging of existing systems and software
- Creation of new software based on known methods and applications
- Conversion or translation of existing software and software languages
- Adaptation of a product to a specific client, unless knowledge that significantly improved the base program was added in that process

28 - 29 U.S. trade in goods by U.S. affiliate on a shipped basis

U.S, trade in goods is the physical movements of goods between the customs area of the United States and the customs area of a foreign country. Goods shipped by, or to, the U.S. affiliate whether or not they were actually charged or consigned by, or to, the U.S. affiliate, are considered to be trade of the U.S. affiliate.

NOTE: Goods shipped by an independent carrier or a freight forwarder to or from the United States at the expense of a U.S. affiliate are imports or exports of the U.S. affiliate.

Report U.S. trade in goods on a "shipped" basis rather than a "charged" basis. The shipped basis looks at the physical movement of goods.

However, U.S. affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged basis." The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. However, if there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments must be made to the "charged" basis data to approximate a "shipped" basis. To adjust "charged" basis data to a "shipped" basis it may be necessary to look at export and import declarations filed with U.S. customs or shipping and receiving documents to determine the physical movement of goods.

Differences between the "charged" and "shipped" basis may be substantial. A major difference arises when a U.S. affiliate buys goods in foreign country A and sells them in foreign country B. Because the goods did not physically enter or leave the United States, they are not U.S. trade.

However, when the U.S. affiliate records the transactions on its books, it would show a purchase charged to it from country A and a sale charged by it to country B. If the U.S. affiliate's trade data in this survey were prepared on the "charged" basis, the purchase and sale would appear incorrectly as a U.S. import and U.S. export, respectively.

Timing – Only include goods actually shipped during FY 2021 regardless of when the goods were charged or consigned.

Valuation of exports and imports — Value goods f.a.s. (free alongside ship) at the port of exit. INCLUDE all costs incurred up to the point of loading the goods aboard the export carrier at the port of exit, including the selling price at the interior point of shipment (or cost if not sold), packaging costs, and inland freight and insurance. EXCLUDE all subsequent costs such as loading costs, U.S. and foreign import duties, and freight and insurance from the port of export to the port of entry.

In-transit goods – Exclude the value of any goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

Capital goods – Include capital goods (e.g., manufacturing equipment used to produce goods for sale) but exclude the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or merchandise.

Consigned goods – Include consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

Electricity, water, and natural gas – Report ONLY the product value (electricity, water, and natural gas). DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

Packaged general use computer software – INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software at full transaction value, i.e., including both the value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE receipts or payments for customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be reported as trade in goods. EXCLUDE receipts and payments for software that is transmitted electronically rather than physically shipped. Also, EXCLUDE negotiated licensing fees for software to use on networks.

33 – 50 Employment by location – Include all full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2021. If employment at the end of FY 2021, or the count taken at some other time during FY 2021, was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2021. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

Location of employees is the U.S. state, territory, or possession in which the person is permanently employed.

Foreign – Except as noted below, exclude employees located outside of the United States from items 33–50.

- a. Employees normally located in the United States who are on a temporary duty assignment outside of the country for one year or less should be reported in the U.S. state where they are normally located.
- b. Employees normally located in the United States who are on a duty assignment outside of the country for more than one year and carried on the payroll of the domestic U.S. affiliate should be reported in item 49. Exclude these employees from the BE-15 report if they are carried on a foreign payroll.
- 53 Certain gains (losses) Note: Read the following instructions carefully as they are based on economic accounting concepts and, in some cases, may deviate from accounting principles.

Report at **gross** amount **before** income tax effect. Report gains (losses) resulting from:

- a. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. Include losses from accidental damage or disasters, after estimated insurance reimbursement. Include other material items, including writeups, writedowns, and writeoffs of tangible and intangible assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets. Exclude legal judgments;
- b. Restructuring. Include restructuring costs that reflect write downs or writeoffs of assets or liabilities. EXCLUDE actual payments or charges to establish reserves for future actual payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors;
- c. Sale or disposition of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains (losses) from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of trade or business. Real estate companies, see special instructions;
- d. Sales or other dispositions of financial assets, including investment securities; gains (losses) related to fair value accounting; FASB ASC 320 holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 impairment losses; FASB ASC 321 unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities measured at fair value; and gains and losses derived from derivative instruments;
- e. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350;
- f. DISPOSALS of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income (loss) from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income (loss) as part of your income from operations in items 17 through 22;
- g. Remeasurement of the U.S. affiliate's foreign-currencydenominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;
- The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and
- The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718.

Special instructions for real estate companies.

Real estate companies – Include in item 53:

- (a) Impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360, and
- (b) Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350.

EXCLUDE the revenues earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such revenues should be reported as operating income in items 22 (column 2), 57, and as sales of goods in item 58.

- 58 Sales of goods Goods are outputs that are tangible. Report as sales of goods:
 - Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
 - Books. NOTE: Book publishers To the extent feasible, report
 as sales of services all revenues associated with the design,
 editing, and marketing activities necessary for producing and
 distributing books that you both publish and sell. If you cannot
 unbundle (i.e., separate) these revenues from the value of the
 books you sell, then report your sales as sales of goods or
 services based on a best estimate of the value in each.

- Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods.
 NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sales of services in item 60.
- Magazines and periodicals sold in retail stores. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in item 60.
- · Packaged general use computer software.
- · Structures sold by businesses in real estate.
- Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water. NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenues derived from the sale of the actual product, should, to the extent feasible, be reported as sales of services in item 60.
- 59 Investment income Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance subsidiaries or units as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in item 60.
- Sales of services Services are outputs that are intangible. Report as sales of services:
 - Advertising revenue.
 - Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.
 - Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of goods.
 - Magazines and periodicals sold through subscriptions. NOTE: Report magazines and periodicals sold through retail stores as sales of goods in item 58.
 - Newspapers.
 - · Pipeline transportation.
 - Software downloaded from the Internet, electronic mail, an extranet, electronic data interchange network, or some other online system.
 - · Computer systems design and related services.
 - Negotiated licensing fees for software to be used on networks.
 - Electricity transmission and distribution, natural gas distribution, and water distribution.

V. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Insurance companies – Reporting should be in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles not Statutory Accounting Practices (SAP). For example, the BE-15 report should include the following assets even though they are not acceptable under SAP: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets such as furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible.

Item on Form:

22 Total sales – Include items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, dividends, interest, and items of a similar nature. Exclude income from unconsolidated affiliates. Also exclude income that would be reported in item 53, certain gains (losses).

Premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities. NOTE: Calculate as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

V. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS - Continued

- 30 Total assets Include current items such as agents' balances, uncollected premiums, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, and other current notes and accounts receivable (net of allowances for doubtful items) arising from the ordinary course of business.
- 31 Total liabilities Include current items such as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business, and long-term debt.
- **32 Total owners' equity** Include mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings.
- B. Railroad transportation companies Railroad transportation companies should include only the net annual balances for interline settlement items (car hire, car repair, freight revenues, switching revenues, and loss and damage settlements) in items 30 and 31.
- C. Real Estate The ownership of real estate is defined to be a business enterprise, and if the real estate is foreign owned, it is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person.

Residential real estate held exclusively for personal use and not for profit making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements. A residence that is an owner's primary residence that is then leased by the owner while outside the United States, but which the owner intends to reoccupy, is considered real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements. Ownership of U.S. residential real estate by a corporation whose sole purpose is to hold the real estate for the personal use of the owner(s) of the corporation is considered to be real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements.

Aggregation of real estate investments – A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-15 must aggregate all such holdings for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria (see instruction I.B. on page 16). File a single BE-15B report covering the aggregated holdings. If on an aggregated basis any one of the following three items – total assets (do not net out liabilities), or sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or net income after provision for U.S. income taxes – exceeds \$300 million (positive or negative) and the foreign voting ownership in the real estate exceeds \$0 percent, file Form BE-15A. If permission has been received in writing from BEA to file on an non-aggregated basis, you must report each real estate investment on a Form BE-15A if a Form BE-15A would have been required on an aggregated basis. Non-aggregated reports should be filed as a group and you should inform BEA that they are all for one owner.

On page 1, for the name and address of the U.S. business enterprise, BEA is not seeking a legal description of the property, nor necessarily the address of the property itself. Because there may be no operating business enterprise for a real estate investment, what BEA seeks is a consistently identifiable name for the investment (i.e., the U.S. affiliate) together with an address to which report forms can be mailed so that the investment (affiliate) can be reported on a consistent basis for each reporting period and for the various BEA surveys.

Thus, on page 1 of the BE-15 survey forms the "name and address" of the U.S. affiliate might be:

XYZ Corp. N.V., Real Estate Investments c/o B&K Inc., Accountants 120 Major Street Miami, FL XXXXX

If the investment property has a name, such as Sunrise Apartments, the name and address on page 1 of the BE-15 survey forms might be:

Sunrise Apartments c/o ABC Real Estate 120 Major Street Miami, FL XXXXX There are items throughout the Form BE-15B that may not apply to certain types of real estate investments, such as the employer identification number, the number of employees, and exports and imports. In such cases, enter zero or leave items blank as appropriate.

- D. Joint ventures and partnerships If a foreign person has a direct or indirect voting ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a joint venture, partnership, etc., that is formed to own and hold, develop, or operate real estate, the joint venture, partnership, etc., in its entirety, not just the foreign person's share, is a U.S. affiliate and must be reported as follows:
 - If the foreign interest in the U.S. affiliate is directly held by the foreign person, then a BE-15 report must be filed by the affiliate (subject to the aggregation rules discussed above).
 - If a voting interest of more than 50 percent in the U.S. affiliate is owned by another U.S. affiliate, the owned affiliate must be fully consolidated in the BE-15 report of the owning affiliate.
 - 3. If a voting interest of 50 percent or less in the U.S. affiliate is owned by another U.S. affiliate, and no U.S. affiliate owns a voting interest of more than 50 percent, then a separate BE-15 report must be filed by the owned affiliate. The BE-15 report(s) of the owning affiliate(s) must show an equity investment in the owned affiliate.
- E. Farms For farms that are not operated by their foreign owners, the income statement and related items should be prepared based on the extent to which the income from the farm accrues to, and the expenses of the farm are borne by, the owner. Generally, this means that income, expenses, and gain (loss) assignable to the owner should reflect the extent to which the risk of the operation falls on the owner. For example, even though the operator and other workers on the farm are hired by a management firm, if their wages and salaries are assigned to, and borne by, the farm operation being reported, then the operator and other workers should be reported as employees of that farm operation and the wages and salaries should be treated as an expense.

EXAMPLES:

- If the farm is leased to an operator for a fixed fee, the owner should report the fixed fee in "total sales" and should treat the non-operating expenses that he or she may be responsible for, such as real estate taxes, interest on loans, etc., as expenses.
- 2. If the farm is operated by a management firm that oversees the operation of the farm and hires an operator, but the operating income and expenses are assigned to the owner, the income and expenses so assigned should be shown in the requested detail for income-related items. (The report should not show just one item, i.e., the net of income less the management fee, where the management fee includes all expenses.)

F. Estates, trusts, and intermediaries

A foreign estate is a person and therefore may have direct investment, and the estate, not the beneficiary, is considered to be the owner.

A trust is a person but it is not a business enterprise. The trust is considered to be the same as an intermediary, and should report as outlined in the instructions for intermediaries below.

For reporting purposes, the beneficiary(ies) of the trust is (are) considered to be the owner(s) for purposes of determining the existence of direct investment, except in two cases: (1) if there is, or may be, a reversionary interest, or (2) if a corporation or other organization creates a trust designating its shareholders or members as beneficiaries. In these two cases, the creator(s) of the trust is (are) deemed to be the owner(s) of the investments of the trust (or succeeding trusts where the presently existing trust had evolved out of a prior trust), for the purposes of determining the existence and reporting of direct investment (These instructions are not applicable to REITs.)

V. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS - Continued

This procedure is adopted in order to fulfill the statistical purposes of this survey and does not imply that control over an enterprise owned or controlled by a trust is, or can be, exercised by the beneficiary(ies) or creator(s).

For an intermediary:

- 1. If a U.S. intermediary holds, exercises, administers, or manages a particular foreign direct investment in the United States for the beneficial owner, such intermediary is responsible for reporting the required information for, and in the name of, the U.S. affiliate. Alternatively, the U.S. intermediary can instruct the U.S. affiliate to submit the required information. Upon so doing, the intermediary is released from further liability to report, provided it has informed BEA of the date such instructions were given and provides BEA the name and address of the U.S. affiliate, and has supplied the U.S. affiliate with any information in the possession of, or which can be secured by, the intermediary that is necessary to permit the U.S. affiliate to complete the required reports. When acting in the capacity of an intermediary, the accounts or transactions of the U.S. intermediary with a UBO are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the UBO. To the extent such transactions or accounts are unavailable to the U.S. affiliate, BEA may require the intermediary to report them.
- 2. If a UBO holds a U.S. affiliate through a foreign intermediary, the U.S. affiliate may report the intermediary as its foreign parent but, when requested, must also identify and furnish information concerning the UBO. Accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the foreign intermediary are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the UBO.
- G. Determining place of residence and country of jurisdiction of individuals An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which he or she is physically located. The following guidelines apply to individuals who do not reside in their country of citizenship:
 - Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
 - Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing, except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 below.
 - 3. If an owner or employee of a business enterprise resides outside the country of location of the enterprise for one year or more for the purpose of furthering the business of the enterprise, and the country of the business enterprise is the country of citizenship of the owner or employee, then such owner or employee is considered a resident of the country of citizenship, provided there is the intent to return to the country of citizenship within a reasonable period of time.

4. Individuals and members of their immediate family who are residing outside their country of citizenship as a result of employment by the government of that country – diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, etc. – are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.

VI. FILING THE BE-15

- A. Due date A completed report, or Claim for Exemption from filing, covering a reporting company's fiscal year ending in calendar year 2021 is due no later than May 31, 2022 (or by June 30 for reporting companies that use BEA's eFile system). Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details about using eFile.
- B. Extensions For the efficient processing of the survey and timely dissemination of the results, it is important that your report is filed by the due date. Nevertheless, reasonable requests for extension of the filing deadline will be granted.
 - Requests for extensions may be submitted through the eFile system at www.bea.gov/efile. All requests for extensions must be received **NO LATER THAN** May 31, 2022.
- C. Assistance For assistance, telephone (301) 278-9247 or send cemail to be12/15@bea.gov. Forms can be obtained from BEA's Web site at: www.bea.gov/fdi
- D. Electronic filing option (eFile) Forms that can be transmitted to BEA electronically will be available on the BEA website: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.
- E. Annual stockholders' report or other financial statements Furnish a copy of your FY 2021 annual stockholders' report or Form 10-K when filing the BE-15 report. If you do not publish an annual stockholders' report or file Form 10-K, provide any financial statements that may be prepared, including the accompanying notes. Information contained in these statements is useful in reviewing your report and may reduce the need for further contact. Section 5(c) of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act, Public Law 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, provides that this information can be used for analytical and statistical purposes only and that it must be held strictly confidential.
- F. Retention of copies Each U.S. affiliate must retain a copy of its report to facilitate resolution of problems. These copies should be retained by the U.S. affiliate for at least 3 years after the report's original due date.